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What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A method for extinguishing a fire occurring in a
- 2 petroleum or petroleum-based product and caused by vapors
- 3 released by said product, comprising applying to said
- 4 fire and said product a composition comprising:
- 5 (a) a nonionic primary surfactant comprising an
- 6 ethoxylated sorbitol oleate;
- 7 (b) a nonionic secondary surfactant selected from
- 8 the group consisting of linear ethoxylated secondary
- 9 alcohols, polyoxyethylene ethers, ethoxylated sorbitan
- 10 monolaurates, ethoxylated fatty acid amides and
- 11 ethoxylated fatty acids and containing about 7 moles to
- 12 about 26 moles of ethylene oxide and comprising from
- 13 about 20 to about 36 weight percent of said composition,
- 14 and wherein said nonionic secondary surfactant is capable
- of stabilizing and solubilizing said nonionic primary
- 16 surfactant such that said composition has a
- 17 hydrophilic/lipophilic balance between about 12.0 and
- 18 about 13.5; and
- 19 (c) water;
- 20 wherein said composition arrests said vapors released by
- 21 the product, thereby extinguishing the fire.

- 22 2. A method according to claim 1, wherein the product
- 23 is spilled petroleum oil and/or fuel.
- 1 3. A method according to claim 1, wherein the primary
- 2 surfactant is ethoxylated sorbitol septaoleate.
- 1 4. A method according to claim 1, wherein the secondary
- 2 surfactant has a hydrophilic/lipophilic balance of from
- 3 about 10 to about 17.
- 1 5. A method according to claim 1, wherein the
- 2 composition further comprises an emulsion-stabilizing
- 3 agent.
- 1 6. A method according to claim 1, wherein the
- 2 composition further comprises a polyethylene glycol
- 3 component having a molecular weight of from about 200 to
- 4 about 400.
- 1 7. A method for cleaning a surface contaminated with
- petroleum and/or petroleum-based product, comprising
- 3 applying to said surface a composition comprising:
- 4 (a) a nonionic primary surfactant comprising an
- 5 ethoxylated sorbitol oleate;
- 6 (b) a nonionic secondary surfactant selected from the
- group consisting of linear ethoxylated secondary
- 8 alcohols, polyoxyethylene ethers, ethoxylated sorbitan
- monolaurates, ethoxylated fatty acid amides and

- 10 ethoxylated fatty acids and containing about 7 moles to
- 11 about 26 moles of ethylene oxide and comprising from
- 12 about 20 to about 36 weight percent of said composition,
- 13 and wherein said nonionic secondary surfactant is capable
- 14 of stabilizing and solubilizing said nonionic primary
- 15 surfactant such that said composition has a
- 16 hydrophilic/lipophilic balance between about 12.0 and
- 17 about 13.5; and
- 18 (c) water.
- 1 8. A method according to claim 7, wherein the primary
- 2 surfactant is ethoxylated sorbitol septaoleate.
- 1 9. A method according to claim 7, wherein the secondary
- 2 surfactant has a hydrophilic/lipophilic balance of from
- 3 about 10 to about 17.
- 1 10. A method according to claim 7, wherein the
- 2 composition further comprises an emulsion-stabilizing
- 3 agent.
- 1 11. A method according to claim 7, wherein the
- 2 composition further comprises a polyethylene glycol
- 3 component having a molecular weight of from about 200 to
- 4 about 400.
- 1 12. A method according to claim 7, wherein the surface
- 2 is selected from the group consisting of airport runways,

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- 3 rail cars, tanker trucks, sea-going tankers, storage
- 4 tanks, automobile fuel tanks, machine tool parts, track
- beds, railway system switches, and meat packing and
- 6 poultry processing plants.
- 1 13. A method according to claim 7, wherein the surface
- 2 is a body surface of a wildlife member.
- 1 14. A method according to claim 13, wherein the wildlife
- 2 member is a bird.
- 1 15. A method for accelerating biodegradation rate of a
- 2 petroleum or petroleum-based product, comprising applying
- 3 to said product a composition comprising:
- 4 (a) a nonionic primary surfactant comprising an
- 5 ethoxylated sorbitol oleate;
- 6 (b) a nonionic secondary surfactant selected from
- 7 the group consisting of linear ethoxylated secondary
- 8 alcohols, polyoxyethylene ethers, ethoxylated sorbitan
- 9 monolaurates, ethoxylated fatty acid amides, and
- 10 ethoxylated fatty acids and containing about 7 moles to
- about 26 moles of ethylene oxide and comprising from
- 12 about 20 to about 36 weight percent of said composition,
- 13 and wherein said nonionic secondary surfactant is capable
- of stabilizing and solubilizing said nonionic primary
- 15 surfactant such that said composition has a

- 16 hydrophilic/lipophilic balance between about 12.0 and
- 17 about 13.5; and
- (c) water.
- 1 16. A method according to claim 15, wherein said
- 2 petroleum or petroleum-based product is disposed in a
- 3 sewage system.
- 1 17. A method according to claim 15, wherein the primary
- 2 surfactant is ethoxylated sorbitol septaoleate.
- 1 18. A method according to claim 15, wherein the
- 2 secondary surfactant has a hydrophilic/lipophilic balance
- of from about 10 to about 17.
- 1 19. A method according to claim 15, wherein the
- 2 composition further comprises an emulsion-stabilizing
- 3 agent.
- 1 20. A method according to claim 15, wherein the
- 2 composition further comprises a polyethylene glycol
- 3 component having a molecular weight of from about 200 to
- 4 about 400.
- 1 21. A method for suppressing production of methane
- 2 and/or ammonia vapors by a petroleum or petroleum-based
- 3 product or other material undergoing degradation or decay
- 4 and releasing methane and/or ammonia vapors, comprising

- 5 applying to said product or material a composition
- 6 comprising:
- 7 (a) a nonionic primary surfactant comprising an
- 8 ethoxylated sorbitol oleate;
- (b) a nonionic secondary surfactant selected from
- 10 the group consisting of linear ethoxylated secondary
- 11 alcohols, polyoxyethylene ethers, ethoxylated sorbitan
- 12 monolaurates, ethoxylated fatty acid amides and
- 13 ethoxylated fatty acids and containing about 7 moles to
- 14 about 26 moles of ethylene oxide and comprising from
- 15 about 20 to about 36 weight percent of said composition,
- 16 and wherein said nonionic secondary surfactant is capable
- of stabilizing and solubilizing said nonionic primary
- 18 surfactant such that said composition has a
- 19 hydrophilic/lipophilic balance between about 12.0 and
- 20 about 13.5; and
- 21 (c) water.
- 1 22. A method according to claim 21, wherein the product
- or material is a spilled petroleum or petroleum-based
- 3 product.
- 1 23. A method according to claim 21, wherein the material
- 2 is compost.

- 1 24. A method according to claim 21, wherein the product
- 2 or material is disposed in a landfill.
- 1 25. A method according to claim 21, wherein the primary
- 2 surfactant is ethoxylated sorbitol septaoleate.
- 1 26. A method according to claim 21, wherein the
- 2 secondary surfactant has a hydrophilic/lipophilic balance
- of from about 10 to about 17.
- 1 27. A method according to claim 21, wherein the
- 2 composition further comprises an emulsion-stabilizing
- 3 agent.
- 1 28. A method according to claim 21, wherein the
- 2 composition further comprises a polyethylene glycol
- 3 component having a molecular weight of from about 200 to

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4 about 400.